
Chapter 12

Basic Cement Chemistry

BASIC CEMENT CHEMISTRY CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

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Elemental composition in weight percentage. By convention, the elements are expressed in form of their oxides (exception: Cl, F).

Table 1 Usual sequence of elements in cement analysis:

	Examples	
	Limestone	Clinker
L.o.I. ¹	42.2	0.24
SiO ₂	1.9	22.7
Al ₂ O ₃	0.81	5.7
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.52	1.9
CaO	52.2	66.0
MgO	1.4	2.0
SO ₃	0.56	0.33
K ₂ O	0.22	0.74
Na ₂ O	0.08	0.09
TiO ₂	0.05	0.18
Cr ₂ O ₃		
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.02	0.03
P ₂ O ₅	0.01	0.05
Cl	0.01	0.01
F		

¹⁾ loss on ignition, e.g. at 1050°C mainly due to H₂O, CO₂

1. CHEMICAL FORMULAE

The chemical formula indicates the elements occurring in a chemical compound:

- ◆ for a molecular compound, type and absolute number of elements in a molecule are given

H ₂ O	O ₂	C ₆ H ₆
water	oxygen	benzene

- ◆ for a mineralogical compound, type and relative number of elements are given

SiO ₂	CaO	CaCO ₃	Ca ₃ SiO ₅
quartz	lime	calcite	alite

Note: In mineralogical compounds, the elements need not necessarily occur in simple numerical ratios (impurities, solid solution)

- ◆ in the cement chemistry, shorthand's are often used:

CaO	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe ₂ O ₃	SO ₃	H ₂ O
C	S	A	F	\overline{S}	H

Examples:

- C₃S for Ca₃SiO₅ (alite)
- C₂S for Ca₂SiO₄ (belite)
- C₃A for Ca₃Al₂O₆ (aluminat)
- C₄AF for Ca₄Al₂Fe₂O₁₀ (ferrite)

2. MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION

Table Composition of a material, expressed in weight-percentage of the occurring minerals
Example:

Limestone		
Calcite	CaCO ₃	90%
Dolomite	CaMg(CO ₃) ₂	5%
Quartz	SiO ₂	5%
Clinker		
Alite	C ₃ S	58%
Belite	C ₂ S	23%
Aluminat	C ₃ A	9%
Ferrite	C ₄ AF	7%
Periclase	MgO	1%
Arcanite	K ₂ SO ₄	1%
Free lime	CaO	1%

Table Difference between chemical and mineralogical composition:

		Limestone			
Mineralogical	comp.		Chemical	comp.	
Calcite	CaCO ₃	90%	L.O.I.(CO ₂)	40,0%	
Dolomite	CaMg(CO ₃) ₂	5%	SiO ₂	5,0%	
Quartz	SiO ₂	5%	CaO	53,9%	
			MgO	1,1%	

(simplified, minor elements not included)

3. CHEMICAL PARAMETERS FOR CEMENT-SPECIFIC MATERIALS

3.1 Titration

Content of carbonates as determined by acid-base titration, expressed as CaCO₃
 % Titration = 1.786 CaO + 2.48 MgO

Applied for:

- ◆ Limestone
- ◆ Marl
- ◆ Raw Meal

3.2 Lime Saturation

$$LS = \frac{CaO \times 100}{2.80SiO_2 + 1.18Al_2O_3 + 0.65Fe_2O_3}$$

or

$$LSF = \frac{CaO}{2.8SiO_2 + 1.2Al_2O_3 + 0.65Fe_2O_3}$$

The LS is a measure to which extent the CaO-richest compounds C₃S, C₃A and C₄AF can be formed without the necessary presence of free lime. At LS > 100, free lime will unavoidably be present after burning.

Applied for:

- ◆ Raw meal
- ◆ Clinker
- ◆ Cement: neat OPC only
CaO = CaO_{total} - 0.7 SO₃

Usual range in clinker: 85 - 100

Note: The influence of MgO can be accounted for

$$LS = \frac{(CaO + 0.75MgO) \times 100}{2.80SiO_2 + 1.18Al_2O_3 + 0.65Fe_2O_3}$$

max. 2 % MgO may be introduced in formula (not applied in cement specifications)

3.3 Silica Ratio

$$SR = \frac{SiO_2}{Al_2O_3 + Fe_2O_3}$$

Applied for

- ◆ Siliceous-argillaceous raw components
- ◆ Raw meal
- ◆ Clinker
- ◆ Cement

Usual range in clinker: 1.8 - 3.6 - 2.6 liquide

3.4 Alumina Ratio

$$AR = \frac{Al_2O_3}{Fe_2O_3}$$

Applied for

- ◆ Siliceous-argillaceous raw components
- ◆ Raw meal
- ◆ Clinker
- ◆ Cement

Usual range in clinker: 1 - 3 -> 1.7 liquide

ideal 1.5 ; 1.3

3.5 Na₂O-equivalent

Total alkali content, expressed as Na₂O
 Na₂O-equivalent = Na₂O + 0.658 K₂O

Note: Limit for low alkali cement

Na₂O-equiv. \leq 0.6 %

Applied for Clinker

Cement

4. CONTENT OF CLINKER MINERALS ACCORDING TO BOGUE

Percentage content of clinker minerals, assuming that chemical equilibrium is attained, and that no impurities are present

$$C_3S = 4.07CaO - 7.6SiO_2 - 6.73Al_2O_3 - 1.43Fe_2O_3$$

$$C_2S = 8.6SiO_2 + 5.07Al_2O_3 + 1.08Fe_2O_3 - 3.07CaO$$

or $2.87SiO_2 - 0.754C_3S$

$$C_3A = 2.65Al_2O_3 - 1.69Fe_2O_3$$

$$C_4AF = 3.04Fe_2O_3$$

In reality, the mineralogical composition of industrial clinkers differs to some extent from that calculated according to Bogue.

4.1 Applied for

◆ Cement:

- OPC only (excl. blended cements)
- correction for CaO in CaSO₄:
CaO = Ca_{tot} - 0.70 SO₃
- For ASTM: TiO₂ and P₂O₅ to be added to Al₂O₃

◆ Clinker:

- CaO can be corrected for "CaSO₄" or for free lime, depending on objective of calculation

5. SIGNIFICANCE OF CLINKER MINERALS FOR CEMENT PROPERTIES

C₃S Contributes to early and late strength (1 d - ...)
Increases heat of hydration

C₂S Contributes to late strength (28 d - ...)

C₃A Contributes to early strength (1 - 3 d)
Increases heat of hydration
Impairs resistance to sulphate attack

C₄AF Little effect (brayage)

6. SIGNIFICANCE OF CLINKER MINERALS FOR ASTM CEMENT TYPES

Type I	Portland no restrictions regarding clinker minerals
Type II	Portland with moderate sulphate resistance C ₃ A max. 8 %
Type III	Portland with high early strength C ₃ A max. 15 %
Type IV	Portland with low heat of hydration C ₃ S max. 35 % C ₂ S min 40% C ₃ A max. 7 %
Type V	Portland with high sulphate resistance C ₃ A max. 5.0 % C ₄ AF + 2 C ₃ A max. 25 % or C ₄ AF + C ₂ F max. 25 %

7. RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CHEMICAL MODULI AND CLINKER MINERALS

The following relationships are calculated for simplified clinker compositions, i.e. only containing the main elements SiO₂, Al₂O₃, Fe₂O₃, CaO

Fig: Clinker Minerals as Function of LS
SR=2.5 AR=1.5

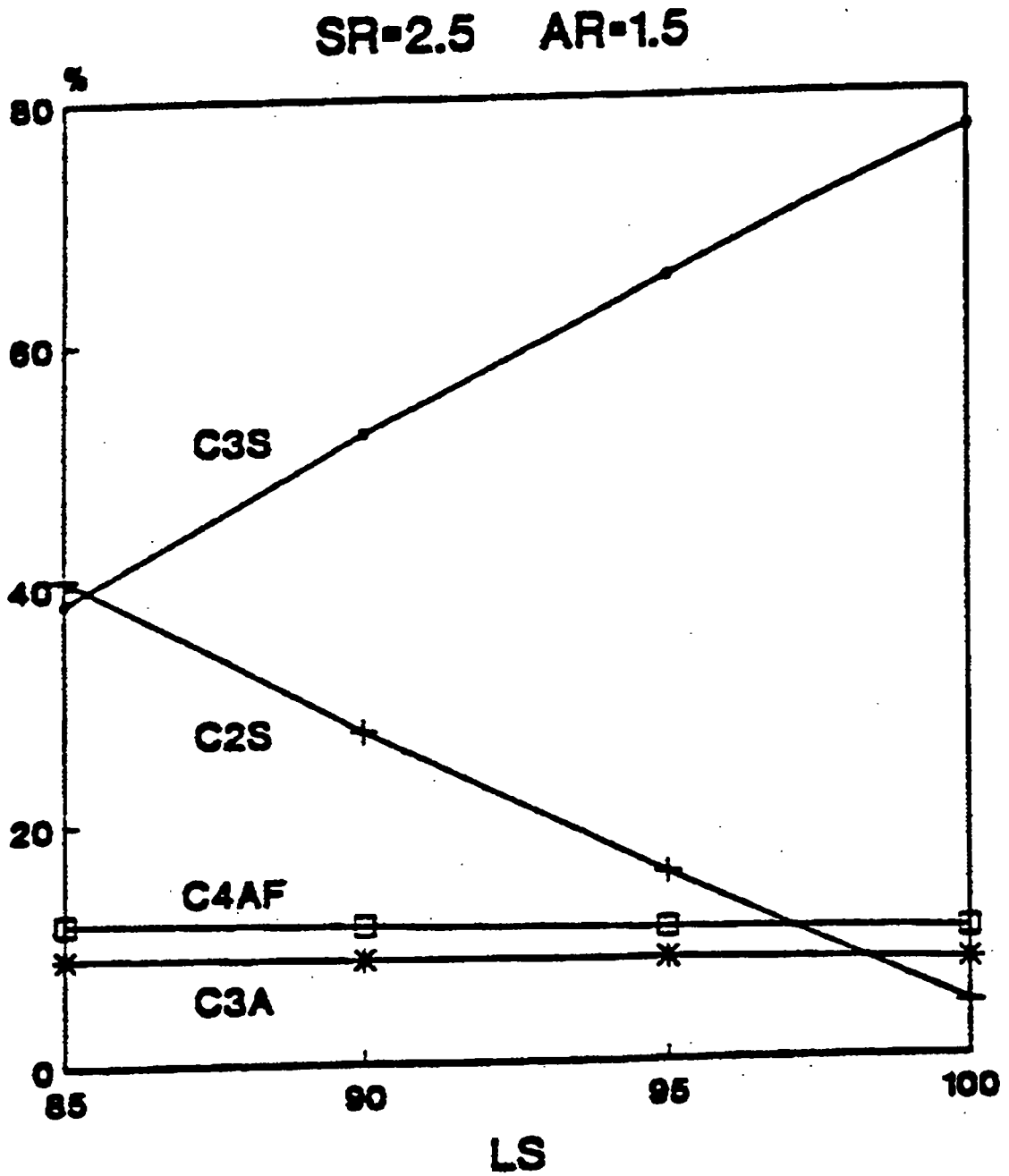


Fig: Clinker Minerals as Function of SR
LS=95 AR=1.5

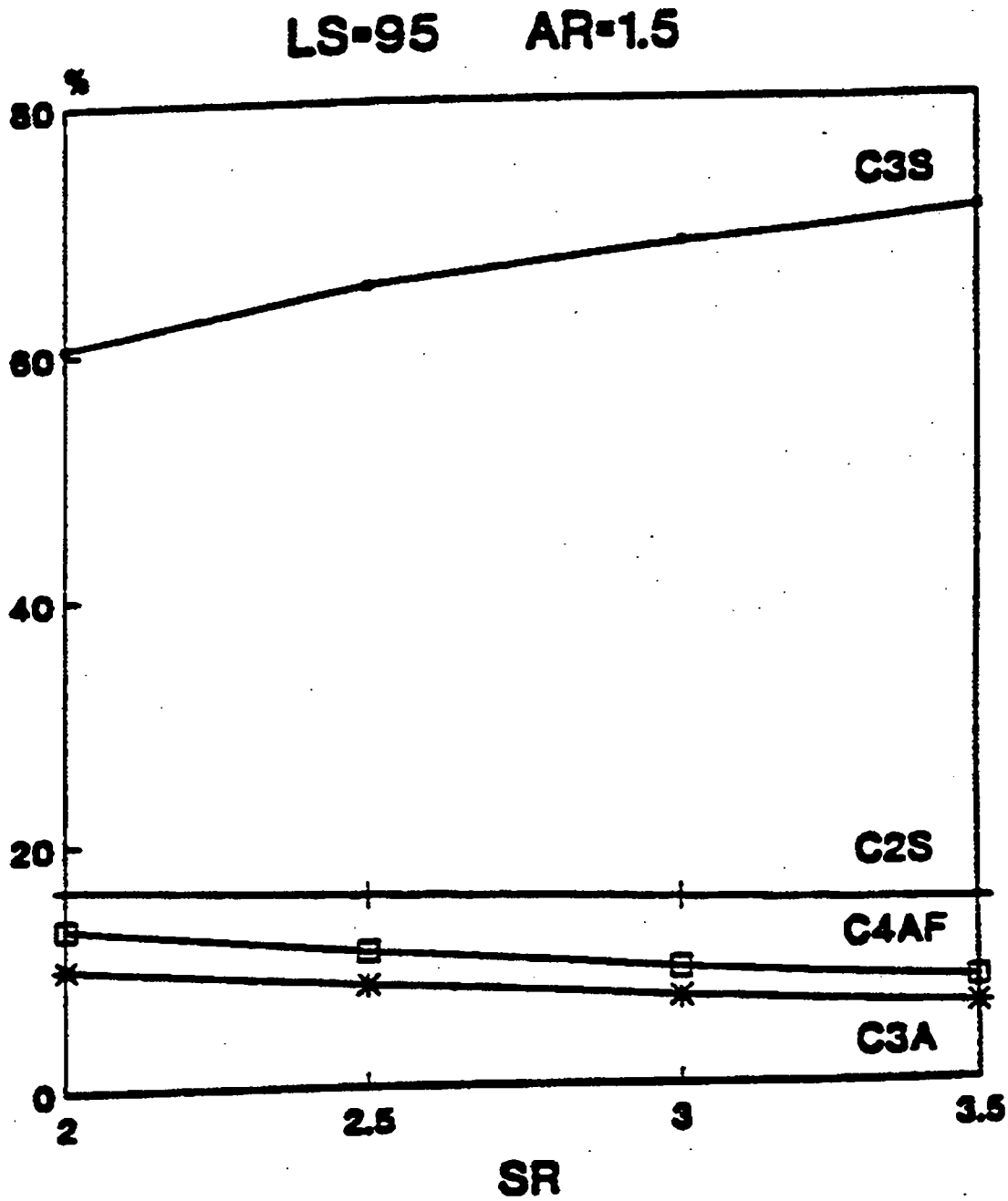
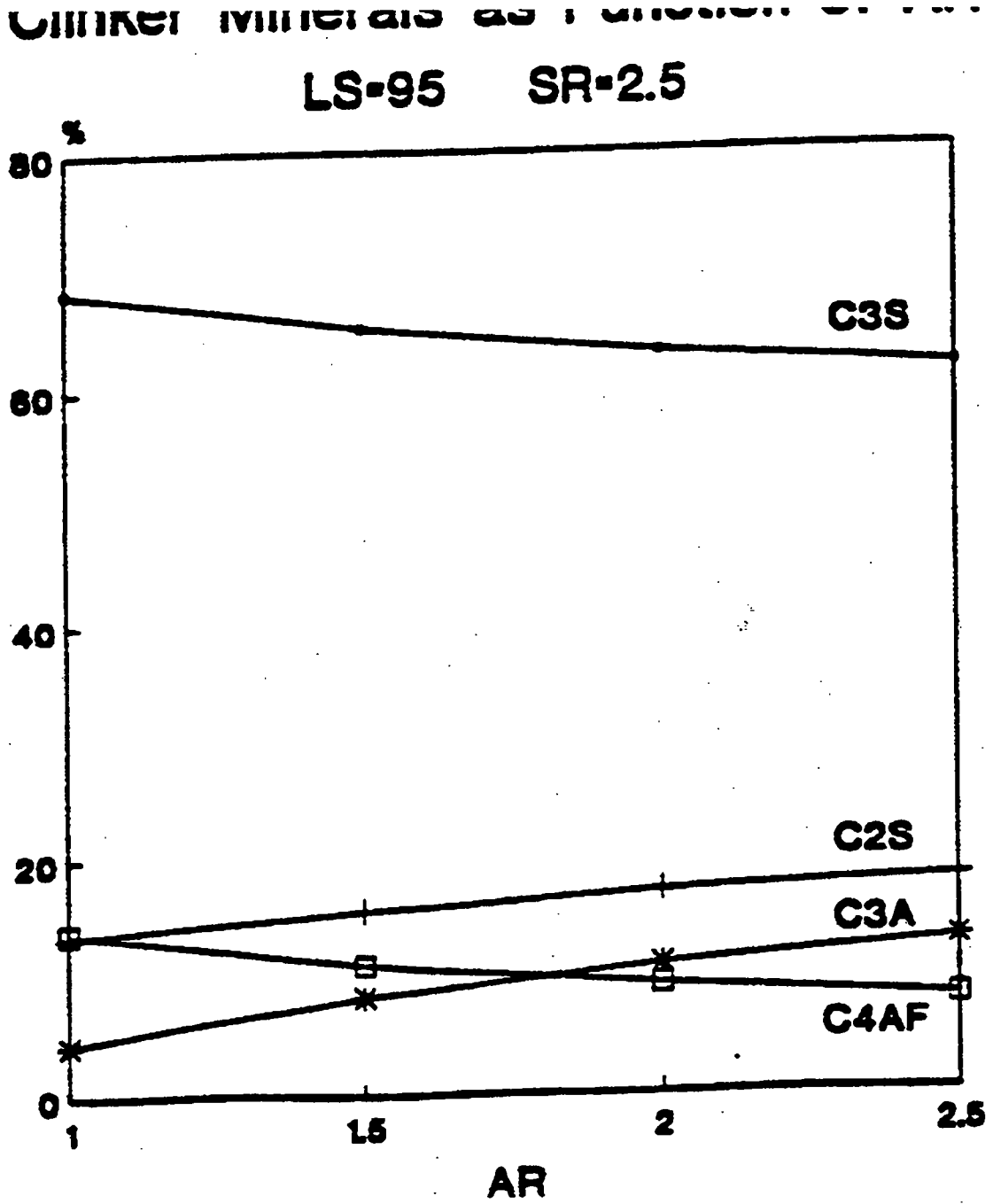


Fig: Clinker Minerals as Function of AR
LS=95 SR=2.5



8. EXERCISE FOR CALCULATION

	Raw Mix	Potential clinker composition
L.o.I.	35.1	.....
SiO ₂	14.3	.. 22
Al ₂ O ₃	3.6	.. 5.55
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.0	.. 3.08
CaO	42.0	.. 57.7
MgO	1.8	.. 2.22
SO ₃	0.25	.. 0.38
K ₂ O	0.63	.. 0.94
Na ₂ O	0.22	.. 0.34
TiO ₂	0.17	.. 0.26
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.10	.. 0.15
P ₂ O ₅	0.06	.. 0.09
Cl	0.01	.. 0.01

Titration		
LS	.. 92.12 .....	.. 99.22
SR	.....	.....
AR	.....	.....

Na ₂ O-equiv.		
C ₃ S	.....	.. 56.4
C ₂ S	.....	.....
C ₃ A	.....	.....
C ₄ AF	.....	.....

$$CK \text{ factor} = \frac{100}{100 - L o I}$$

$$CK = 1.54$$

Loss on Ignition	
SiO ₂	22.03
Al ₂ O ₃	5.55
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.08
CaO	64.71
MgO	2.77
SO ₃	0.39
K ₂ O	0.96
Na ₂ O	0.34
TiO ₂	0.26
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.15
P ₂ O ₅	0.09
Cl	0.02
F	
TOTAL	100.35
Freelime	
Insoluble Residue	

LS	92.13
SR	2.55
AR	1.80
C ₃ S	54.3
C ₂ S	22.2
C ₃ A	9.5
C ₄ AF	9.4
C ₃ S	54.3
C ₂ S	22.2
C ₃ A	9.5
C ₄ AF	9.4
Titration	-
Clinkerfactor	-
Na ₂ O-eq.	0.97
Mol. Alk./SO ₃	3.16

Loss on Ignition	35.1
SiO ₂	14.3
Al ₂ O ₃	3.6
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.0
CaO	42.0
MgO	1.8
SO ₃	0.25
K ₂ O	0.62
Na ₂ O	0.22
TiO ₂	0.17
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.10
P ₂ O ₅	0.06
Cl	0.01
F	
TOTAL	100.23
Freelime	
Insoluble Residue	

LS	92.13
SR	2.55
AR	1.80
C ₃ S	54.3
C ₂ S	22.2
C ₃ A	9.5
C ₄ AF	9.4
C ₃ S	
C ₂ S	
C ₃ A	
C ₄ AF	
Titration	79.48
Clinkerfactor	1.54
Na ₂ O-eq.	0.97
Mol. Alk./SO ₃	3.20